

THE WEATHER

Tonight and Tuesday, Fair and Warmer

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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TONOPAH, NEVADA, MONDAY EVENING, MAY 27, 1918

PRICE 10 CENTS

BIG BATTLE ON 40 MILE FRONT

GERMANS FAIL TO SURPRISE ALLIED ARMY WITH ATTACK

BERLIN SENDS SINN FEIN DENIAL OF IRISH PRIEST

SINGULAR SOURCE OF AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT FROM IRELAND

(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, May 27.—Rev. Malachi MacBrann made the following statement: "As a priest and member of the Sinn Fein executive committee for the past year, I give my word of honor that the government's official statement that negotiations were carried on between the Sinn Fein and the Germans is a falsehood, and that a German invasion was never discussed by the committee."

TWENTY VICTORIES TO MAN'S CREDIT

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, May 27.—Lieutenant Paul Bar, of Mobile, an aviator, is posted as missing since May 22. He may have been captured. Captain De Ulla today won his twentieth aerial victory. He was a partner of the late Captain Guymer, the famous ace.

ALLIED AIR RAID DESTROYS A TERMINAL

(By Associated Press.)
AMSTERDAM, May 27.—The Rotterdam Maasbode reports that another allied air raid has been carried out over Liege. The Longdoz railway station was destroyed and 26 persons were killed.

TODAY AND A YEAR AGO.

Official readings of the thermometer by the United States observer at Tonopah:

	1918	1917
5 a. m.	28	44
9 a. m.	37	54
12 noon	41	60
Maximum, May 26	60	57
Minimum, May 26	37	35
Relative humidity at noon	73	75
Today	73	75

\$300,000,000 YEAR WAGE INCREASE BENEFITS TWO MILLION EMPLOYEES

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 27.—General pay increases for nearly two million railroad employees were announced today by Director General McAdoo, effective next Saturday and retroactive to last January 1, carrying out substantially the recommendations of the railroad wage commission. The aggregate of the increases probably will be more than \$300,000,000 a year, half of which will be distributed within a few weeks as back pay in lump sums ranging from about \$100 to nearly \$200 each.

The principles of the basic eight-hour day is recognized; future adjustments of pay are to be made on the basis of eight hours.

In addition to the ordinary wage increase, day laborers, employed mainly on track work, are to get at least 2 1/2 cents an hour more than they received last December.

A minimum of 55 cents an hour is established for the shop trades, including machinists, boilermakers and blacksmiths; and women are to re-

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT ADVANCE IN R. R. RATES

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 27.—Secretary McAdoo today ordered freight rates raised 25 per cent, and passenger rates increased to 3 cents a mile to meet railroad wage increases, the higher cost of coal, and other supplies. It is estimated this will yield more than \$800,000,000 more revenue within the next year. This is the biggest rate increase in the history of railroads. Passenger rates become effective June 10, and freight rates June 25. The schedule affects both class and commodity rates. All special excursions, mileage, convention and tourist rates, with few exceptions, are abolished. Excess baggage charges are increased. Proportionate increase will be made on the rates of lake, river and coastwise boat lines operated by railroads.

HEROISM OF U. S. JACKIES

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 27.—Stories of the heroic daring of American naval officers and men in rescuing 34 of the 75 members of the crew of the American munitions ship Florence H., which caught fire and broke in two in French waters last April 17, are told in the report of Rear Admiral Wilson, commanding American naval forces in France, made public tonight by the navy department.

Lieutenant H. D. Halp of San Mateo, Cal., who, at the risk of detonating his depth charges and destroying his vessel, promptly charged his destroyer through the mass of blazing and exploding wreckage covering the waters in which survivors were struggling, is recommended for commendation.

Gunner's Mate F. M. Upton, of Denver, Colo., and Ship's Cook J. W. Covington, of Durant, Okla., are recommended for congressional medals of honor and gold lifeboat medals.

They leaped into the sea and rescued a man who, exhausted, was in the midst of exploding powder boxes.

O'LEARY'S BROTHER HELD IN \$100,000

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, May 27.—John O'Leary, charged with conspiring to obstruct justice in connection with the disappearance of Jeremiah O'Leary, charged with seditious utterances, and held to \$100,000 bail.

ceive the same pay as men for the same work and negroes to get the same as white men for same employment.

To work out a multitude of inequalities of pay among employees doing similar work in different localities and other injustices caused by varying rules of employment and conditions of organization, the director general created a new board of railroad wages and working conditions, consisting of three labor representatives and three railway executives, which will conduct extensive investigations and recommend wage and other employment changes.

The wage order applies to all employees of the 164 roads now under federal management, but not to the so-called short lines unless they are retained by the government after July 1.

Although Pullman cars are now under government operation, Pullman employees will not benefit unless the railroad administration decides eventually to retain management of the cars.

ACTIVITY IN ITALY MET PROMPTLY ON LOWER PAIVE

(By Associated Press.)
ROME, May 27.—The Italians captured mountain positions and 800 prisoners in an important attack.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, May 27.—Twenty-four enemy airplanes have been destroyed by the British in air fighting on the Italian front since May 18. It was officially announced today in a summary of recent operations by the British forces in Italy.

LEADING AUSTRIAN AVIATOR KILLED IN BATTLE

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, May 27.—Berne dispatches say Lieutenant Kiss, reputed to be the leading Austrian aviator, is reported killed in an aerial battle.

TREAT TO FOREIGN SERVICE

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—Major General Treat has announced that he has been notified that Major General Wood would relieve him at an early date as commander of the western department. Treat will be assigned to foreign service.

CASUALTY LIST

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 27.—Nine were killed in action and 4 died of wounds, including Private Simmes, Willow Creek, Cal. One died of disease and 2 were severely wounded, including Private Samuelson, of Paso Robles. Three are missing.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS INTRODUCE THE FOURTH DEGREE IN NEVADA

Tonopah Assembly of Junipero Serra Province, of the Knights of Columbus, was instituted yesterday with a corollary of religious, oratorical and patriotic sentiment seldom equalled even in metropolitan centers. As a matter of history the celebration was a distinct event not alone for Catholic circles but for the camp, as it accentuated in every phase the instrumentalities of the Knights of Columbus in their war activities. The ceremonies began with the reception of guests on the arrival of the eastern train, followed by solemn high mass at St. Patrick's church and the initiation of the class at Elks hall in the afternoon and concluding with a luncheon served at the Knights of Columbus home at 6:30 in the evening. It was exactly 10:30 when the toastmaster called upon the members and guests to rise and join in singing "America," which was rendered with a majestic volume seldom heard at public gatherings.

The candidates and guests from Goldfield and Ely arrived at various times by automobile but the Knights from Ogden and Salt Lake, constituting the degree team, the members from Reno and Carson City came by train from their respective stations. They were accorded a warm greeting at the depot and escorted to the Knights of Columbus hall, where the local members gathered to march in a body to the church where mass was celebrated by Rev. Father William Flynn, officiating as celebrant, assisted by Rev. Edward Noonan as deacon, and Rev. P. J. Cronin, of Goldfield, as sub-deacon. The grandeur of the celebration was enhanced by the presentation of a special musical program rendered by an augmented choir supplemented by a string orchestra, with Mrs. Frank

McGinn as director.

Very Rev. Monsignor P. M. Cushman, vicar general of the diocese of Salt Lake, and one of the most distinguished orators in the Catholic hierarchy, delivered the sermon which was a special appeal to the patriotism of the congregation. This was a most stirring address and the wonderfully graphic description of incidents relating to the war, the agonies of the mother's heart hungering at home for news of her boy's safety in the trenches and the necessity for whole-souled and unqualified action by every citizen in doing all he can for the men over there who are offering their lives for the good of their country, for the good of those who like his hearers were permitted to remain in safety and for the preservation of the republic.

The church was crowded, every foot of space being occupied, while the aisles were filled with chairs to help accommodate the audience.

Directly after lunch the candidates for the fourth degree gathered at Elks hall in the full evening dress of the degree and the entire afternoon was occupied with the exercises and ritual interpreted by the visiting team, consisting of Charles A. McGuire, M. F. D.; S. Abbott Maginnis, H. John A. Junk, R. Martin O'Connor, N. George Wall, E. of C.; Richard C. Treanor, D. of P.; Right Rev. P. M. Cushman, chaplain, and Joseph S. Paquet, M. The ritual is described as one of the most solemn and impressively patriotic character and it was not until 6:30 o'clock that the doors were opened after the induction of Tonopah Assembly had been completed.

The newly made knights, equipped with baldric and swords, then ad-

MOVEMENT MAY HIDE REAL INTENT OF BLOW YANKEES IN FIGHT

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, May 27.—Strong German attacks developed early today against the British-French positions between Rheims and Soissons, preceded by an aviation bombardment. The Germans also attacked in Flanders, between Loere and Voormezele.

The German attack extends over a front of about forty miles, fifteen miles shorter than the original Teuton drive in March. By striking a blow on a new sector, the Germans are taking a course contrary to what military commentators predicted. The enemy may contemplate a surprise attack in such force as to compel Foch to withdraw troops from the north in the hope of weakening the allied lines in Picardy and Flanders. The Germans probably miscalcu-

lated if they counted on the element of surprise. It is evident, from the official British statement, that the new disposition of troops had been made along the Aisne front, which is under attack. Americans may be participating in the battle for, during the early spring here, there were several references to the presence of Americans on this part of the front. Parts of these consisted of artillery. At one point at least American infantry were in the trenches.

The German attack northwest of Kemmel appeared directed against the ground the French captured May 26. The Belgians recorded fresh victories over the Germans when they repulsed Teuton attacks or big raids Sunday night on three sectors of their front.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, May 27.—The Evening Standard says it is understood the new Teuton offensive is less extensive than the previous one. It is said the Germans pressed back the British for a short distance in the neighborhood of Rheims.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, May 27.—The French and British are resisting the German attack today with habitual valence. The Germans renewed their long-range bombardment of Paris after long intervals.

(By Associated Press.)
WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, May 27.—Latest reports show the Germans made some small penetrations in places.

PRESIDENT WILSON MAKES AN APPEAL

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 27.—President Wilson addressed congress today on revenue.

As Germany cannot herald a renewal of the western offensive the president appeared unexpectedly before congress, demanding the laying aside of political considerations and to remain in session until it had enacted new revenue laws to finance the growing cost of war.

At the conclusion of his prepared address, the president laid his hand over the manuscript and established another precedent in his dealings with congress, addressing the assembly extemporaneously. He spoke earnestly and forcefully. His auditors sat in rapt silence. He said he had learned the expected German drive apparently had begun just as he left the White house. "You can realize how that solemnized my feeling, how it seemed to strengthen the purpose which I have tried to express," he said.

The president said the principal increases in taxes should be incomes, war profits and luxuries. He also declared that profiteers must be reached by new legislation.

The president declared it was necessary to proceed immediately with new tax laws. He said that plans which might have delayed the work had fallen through, adding that it would be manifestly unfair to wait until 1919 before determining what the new taxes should be. He gave a distinct warning against lobbying in connection with the bill, remarking, "There need be no hesitation in taxing the country, if it is taxed justly."

The president appealed to congress to approach the great task without selfishness or fear of political consequences, and concluded with an appeal to congress to do its work ungrudgingly. He said he couldn't guarantee proper administration of the treasury unless the question was settled now.

The crowded galleries and members of congress rose and cheered loudly when the president declared hundreds of thousands of American troops in the field and in ships are crowding to the front with regiment after regiment to join them until the enemy shall be beaten and brought to a reckoning with mankind.

GERMAN AIRMEN FLY SHY OF THE AMERICAN SECTOR TO AVOID LOSSES

(By Associated Press.)
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 27.—The activities of the American air squadron operating in the sector northwest of Toul seem to have had results even more effective than was anticipated. When it first began its work there were between 30 and 50 summons to take to the air coming to our aviators daily. Gradually the number of calls has dwindled until for several days the average has been only two a day.

From a strictly technical, military standpoint, the operations of the American airmen have two objects. The first is to kill off the opposing airmen, while the second is to keep the enemy from flying his machines on the American side of the line and thus preventing him from taking photographs, regulating artillery fire or in any way securing information. The American airmen have done much toward accomplishing both objects.

The record shows that the new squadron has already taken a credible toll of enemy pilots and observers, while for a German airplane to come over the American lines now is a rare occurrence. This situation contrasts sharply with that which prevailed when these aviators first started operating. It was no unusual

occasion when one or more German airplanes were not circling over or behind the American lines, operating with almost complete freedom.

BUTLER THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

WM. S. (BILL) HART
in
"THE NARROW TRAIL"
A typical Hart picture—Lots of action—Lots of Hart—Lots of everything that goes with a good picture.

Also—Latest HEARST-PATHE NEWS—The best.

TOMORROW
"The Boy Scouts to the Rescue," Douglas Fairbanks' Rodeo Picture. Jewel Carmen, in "The Bride of Fear."
Wednesday—"The Garden of Allah." Ten-reel film spectacle

(Continued On Page Four.)